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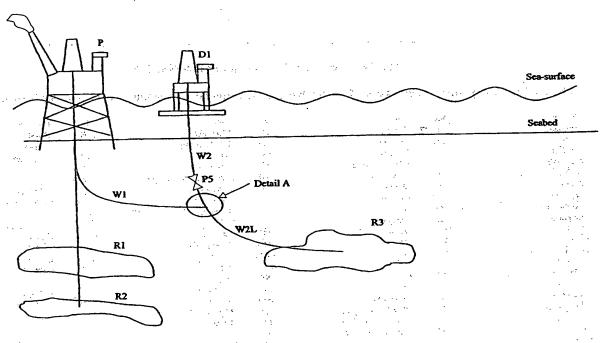
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(54) Title: METHOD OF PRODUCING FLUIDS FROM AN UNDERGROUND RESERVOIR



(57) Abstract

A method is disclosed for producing fluids such as oil and gas from a wellbore, typically a subsea wellbore. The method comprises linking first and second wellbores to enable reservoir fluids located in a reservoir into which the second wellbore passes to reach both wellbores in order to avoid the need for surface pipelines linking the two wells.

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METHOD OF PRODUCING FLUIDS FROM AN UNDERGROUND RESERVOIR 2 . The present invention relates to a method of producing fluids from underground reservoirs, and particularly 5 relates to using first and second wellbores to link such reservoirs to a production facility. and the second of the second o 8 Hydrocarbon reservoirs of oil and gas which are located too far from existing or proposed hydrocarbon 10 production facilities are typically developed by 11 drilling wells from directly above those reservoirs, 1200 and then providing a pipeline from the wellhead to the 13 production facility. Control of the Control of the State of the Control 15 According to the invention there is provided a method of producing fluids from underground reservoirs, the method comprising drilling a first wellbore, drilling a second wellbore into the reservoir, and linking the two 19 wellbores to allow fluids to flow from the reservoir to the first wellbore. 20 ·大龙山城 (4.5) 李 (1.5) (1.6) (1.6) (1.6) 21 Preferably the reservoir is an oil or gas well reservoir, and most preferably an offshore reservoir. 23 24. The first wellbore is typically at least partially

1

deviated, so that it extends from a site of a production platform (or similar facility) laterally 2 towards the reservoir for the maximum distance feasible 3 for horizontal or lateral drilling. 4 5 6 The second wellbore can optionally be drilled subsequently so as to pass through (or close to) the 7 end of the first wellbore and can be vertical or 8 deviated as required to connect the reservoir to the 9 10 first wellbore. 射影性的音剧 网络电影 医肠炎 建心质 医马克克氏征 建二氢异丙基 医小侧囊膜 11 12 The first and second wellbores can be linked by a 13 number of means. For example, the second wellbore can simply pass through the first wellbore, and can be plugged between the junction with the first wellbore 15 and the surface, so that fluids passing through the 16 second wellbore from the reservoir are diverted only 17 into the first wellbore. Alternatively, the first and 18 19 second wellbores can be linked by a further wellbore drilled before or after the second wellbore, or a 20 series of such further bores, so that the fluids can 21 travel from the reservoir to the first bore through a 22 series of interconnected bores. The first and second 23 (and/or the further) bores can be drilled so as to be 24 separated from one another by a portion of the medium through which they are drilled (ie they can pass close 27 to the ends of the previous bore but not connected; 28 thereto to allow fluid flow) and can be linked subsequently by controlled explosion at the ends of the 29 30 bores, by perforation by some other means, by 31 fracturing, by stimulation, or by drilling etc. 32 Indeed, in one embodiment of the invention it is an option to generate an explosion at the end of the first 33 (or subsequent further) bore in order to create a 34 chamber of a size large enough to facilitate drilling 35 into the chamber when the subsequent wellbore is

1.	drilled. Alternatively, where the formation permits,
2	first or subsequent further wellbores can be drilled
3 (deliberately into naturally occurring voids (ie
4	formations capable of permitting fluid flow through
5	such formations), so as to allow easy interconnection
	of the chain of wellbores.
7	
8	One advantage of the invention is that pipelines
9	necessary to connect remote wellheads to production
10 😘	facilities can be avoided and this avoids expense in
11	constructing, maintaining, operating and inspecting the
12	pipeline and associated injection pipelines and control
13	umbilicals etc. In addition to cost benefits, the
14	invention allows a decrease in the hydrocarbon-bearing
	installations above land or above the seabed, thereby
16	reducing potential environmental and safety impacts.
17	
18	This invention is therefore particularly applicable in
19	environmentally sensitive areas such as Alaska.
20	and the contract of the contra
21	An embodiment of the present invention will now be
22	described with reference to the accompanying drawings
23	in which:
24	
25	Fig.1 is a schematic representation of a system of
26	wells drilled according to the present invention;
27	entration and see that the state of the second second section is the second s
28	Fig. 2 is a schematic representation of a system
29 : ~	of wells drilled according to a second embodiment.
	i se teletro de <mark>de</mark> ntro de la compansión de la compansió
31:	Referring now to the drawings, Fig. 1 shows a fixed
	drilling/production platform P having a vertical well
33	connecting the platform to two hydrocarbon reservoirs
34	R1, R2 directly below the platform P. The platform P
35	is also drilling, by conventional, known means, a
36	laterally deviated well W1 in the direction of a third
ν,	

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another allowing perforation of the separation by eq 1 explosives etc. at a later date when drilling has been 2 It can be seen from this embodiment that completed. 3 the order of drilling W1 and W2 does not matter. 5 Fig. 2 shows a further embodiment of the invention similar to that shown in Fig. 1 except that W2L is drilled into a natural occurring cavity (Detail B) at the limit of horizontal drilling of W2L. A third well W3 is drilled (before or after W1 and W2) to intersect with cavity (Detail B) and to extend thereto to reservoir R4. As in the first embodiment, a plug P5 12 can be installed upon completion of W3 to divert fluids 13 from R4 into W2L and from there into W1. As before, 14 the manner and timing of linkage from W3 to W2L is a 15 matter of choice, and can be by eg explosives etc. 16 17 According to the invention, any number of wells can be 18 linked together in order to tie distant reservoirs to 19 existing or proposed platforms by boreholes rather than 20 The same drill ship or platform D1 can by pipelines. 21 be used to drill the second and further wells linking 22 the first wellbore to the reservoir, and more than one 23 wellbore can be drilled from any one drill ship so as 24 to allow several branches leading back to the same 25 first or subsequent lateral well, as shown in the 26 dotted lines of wells W5 and W6 connecting reservoirs 27 R5 and R6 respectively to the cavity at Detail B. 28 Although described with specific examples relating to 29 offshore drilling facilities, the invention is also 30 applicable to onshore wells, and the drill 31 ships/offshore platforms described in the examples can 32 be replaced by onshore equivalents well known in the 33 art. 34

36 The wellbore sizes can be varied according to

45.5

1	production requirements.
2 :	
. ,3	Should pigging facilities, chemical injection
4 .	facilities etc be required then the design of the
5	wellbores can be altered to facilitate the
6.5.1	incorporation of such facilities eg subsurface pigging
7	facilities from W2 to W1 and to platform P.
8	The second of the experience of the second o
· • •	Modifications and improvements can be incorporated
	without departing from the scope of the invention. For
11	example, although described with regard to hydrocarbon
12	reservoirs of oil and/or gas, the invention is
13	applicable to water and gas injection wells, and to
14	wells for the production and recovery of other liquids
15	gases, or slurries.
16	tine di la transferiore della compania della compania di la compania di la compania di la compania di la compa

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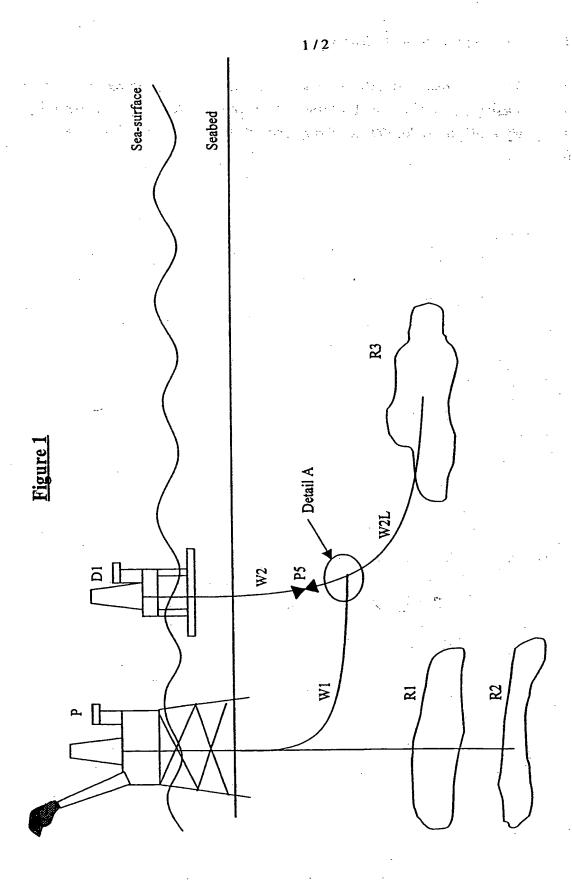
1	Claims	
2		_
3	1 A method of producing fluids from an undergrou	ind
4	reservoir, the method comprising drilling a first	
5	wellbore, drilling a second wellbore into the	
6	reservoir, and linking the two wellbores to allow	·
7	fluids to flow from the reservoir to the first	
8	wellbore.	
9	ting the control of t	
10	2 A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the f	irst
11 🕾 -	wellbore is deviated.	
12		· ;
13 `	3 A method as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wh	ereir
14	the wellbores are linked by drilling.	•
15		•
16	4 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	
17 d	wherein the reservoir is of oil or gas.	
18	and the second of the second o	· .:
19	5 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	.: .
20	wherein the wellbores are offshore or onshore	- 3
21	wellbores.	: .
22	erak talan dalam beranjan dalam generata terapa dalam terbesah terbesah dalam beranjan dalam beranjan dalam be	¥.
23	6 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	in the second
24	wherein the first wellbore extends from a site of	
25	production platform towards the reservoir for the	
26	maximum distance feasible for lateral drilling.	N.
27	$p_{ij} = p_{ij} = p_{ij} + p$	
28. ***	7 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	12.
29	wherein the second wellbore is drilled after the	first
30		
31	and the second of the control of the	· ·
32	8 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	
33	wherein the second wellbore passes through or clo	se to
34	the end of the first wellbore.	·
35		s - 12
	9 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,	•

	1	wherein the second wellbore is deviated.
	2	
	- 3	10 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,
	4	wherein the second wellbore passes through or close to
	5	the first wellbore.
	6	the second of the first of the second of
	7	11 A method as claimed in any one of claims 1-9,
	8	wherein the first and second bores are drilled so as to
	9	be separated from one another by a portion of the
••.	:10	medium through which they are drilled and are linked
	11	subsequently by removal of the separating portion.
	12	
	13	12 A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the
	14	separating portion is removed by perforation,
	15	explosion, fracturing, stimulation or by drilling.
	16	and the confidence with the second of the
	17	13 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,
	18	wherein an explosion is detonated at the end of a bore
	19	in order to create a chamber into which the successive
	20	bore can be drilled.
	21	· 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은
	22	14 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,
	23	wherein a bore is drilled into naturally occurring
	24	voids in the medium; into which a successive bore is
	25	
	26	and the contract of the contract and the contract of the contr
	27	15 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,
	28	wherein after the two bores are linked the second
· · ·	29	wellbore is plugged between the junction with the first
	30	wellbore and the surface so that fluids passing through
	31	the second wellbore from the reservoir are diverted
	32	into the first wellbore and the second secon
`e.	33	
	34	16 A method as claimed in any preceding claim,
	35	wherein the first and second wellbores are linked by
	36	one or more further wellbore(s) drilled before or after

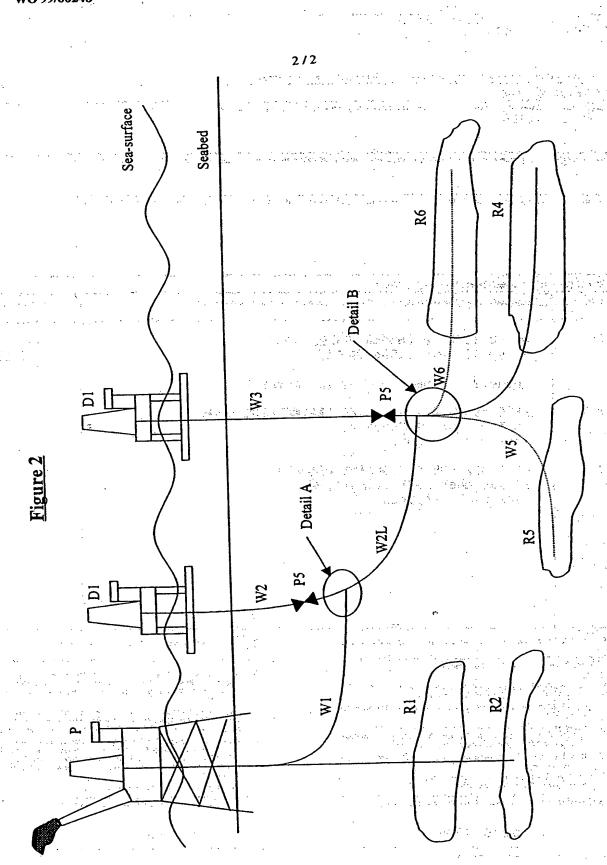
1	the	second	wellbore.
1	LHE	Second	MCTTDOTC:

17 A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the 4 reservoir(s) is linked to a production platform by 5 means of a linked chain of connected wellbores.

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	16 April 1998 (1998-04-16)		8-12,15,
	page 27, line 5 - line 9; figure	5	16
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